Integrating Academic Language and Content Learning with the SIOP Model

Deborah J. Short, Ph.D.

Academic Language
Research & Training

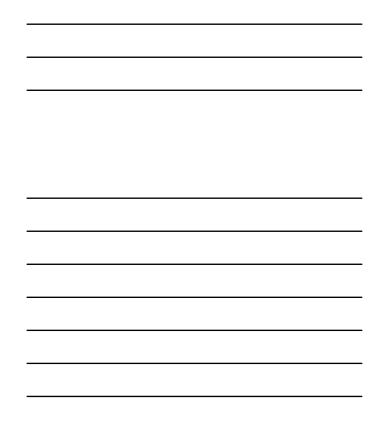
Objectives

- Content Objective: To explore research on effectives practices, such as the SIOP Model, for English language learners in language and content classrooms
- <u>Language Objective</u>: To describe some techniques that strengthen academic language development

English language learners have **Double the Work** to develop academic literacy when they study challenging subject areas through a new language, such as
English.

DOUBLE WORK

But What is academic language & literacy?



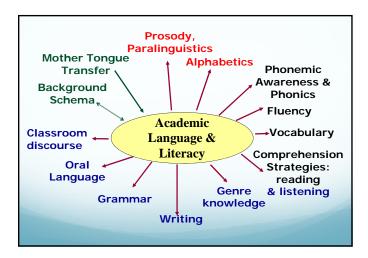
Academic Language in Middle School

TEACHER: What is the chemical formula for

water?

SARAI: HIJKLMNO!!

TEACHER: What are you talking about? SARAI: Yesterday you said it's H to O!



Academic literacy enables students to

- read expository prose and find evidence for claims in texts and articles
- write persuasively about an environmental issue
- argue a point of view on the concept of belonging to the European Union
- take notes from teacher lectures

Ke	ep in Mind
A Catch-22 for Language Learners	Most ELLs no to learn Engl

- Most ELLs need 4-7 years to learn English before they reach average academic performance levels.
- But they are tested before they are proficient in English.
- As ELLs, they are by definition not proficient.

Educational Leadership-Nov 0

Q: So How Do We Develop the Academic Language Skills that English Language Learners Need?

A: Content-based ESL and Sheltered Instruction, like the SIOP Model

In the 1990s

- Language teachers realize exited ESL students are not successful in mainstream (regular English-medium, subject area) classrooms.
- State and national tests show ESL students are far below the average scores of native English speakers.
- There was no systematic model of contentbased ESL or sheltered instruction and research did not focus on effectiveness of instructional practices

So, in 1996

- We decided to try to create and test a replicable and effective model of sheltered instruction, the SIOP.
- We examined both teacher implementation and student achievement.
- We have continued that research for 20 years.



The SIOP Model is a lesson planning and instructional framework for teaching content comprehensible and academic language concurrently.

8 Components	onents	one	om	8 C
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- Lesson Preparation
- Building Background
- Comprehensible Input
- Strategies
- Interaction
- Practice & Application
- Lesson Delivery
- Review & Assessment

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- **SIOP** = Sheltered Instruction Observation Protocol
- SIOP Model lesson planning and delivery
- **SIOP protocol** lesson observation instrument with rating scale

The SIOP Model Integrates Language and
Content in English Class and Content Classes

- Content-based ESL language teacher
- Sheltered content instruction content teacher
- Both types of classes have language and content objectives in each lesson.
- Used in ESL and bilingual programs any time second language learners study in a new language

Content-Based ESL Lessons

- Target key subject area vocabulary and academic tasks needed in the content classroom (e.g., creating a timeline, taking notes from reference materials).

objectives economics, and other

- Could include from math, language arts, subjects.

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- ESL techniques to make grade-level academic content (e.g., science, history, math) more accessible for second language learners
- At the same time promote the learners' second language development as it is used in the content area.

Is the SIOP Model Effective?

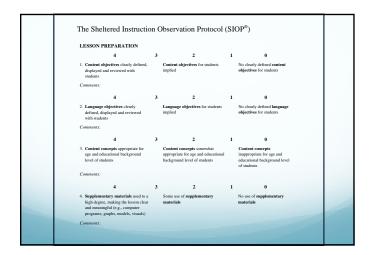
Let's See What Research Has Shown Us

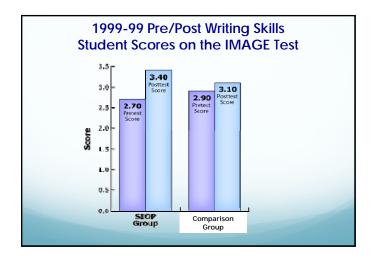
The Effects of Sheltered Instruction on the Achievement of LEP Students

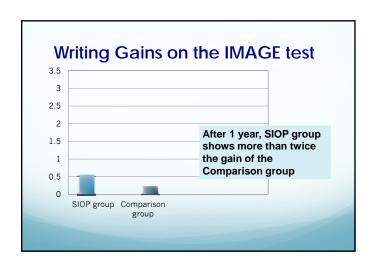
- CREDE (Center for Research on Education, Diversity & Excellence) 7-year research study (1996–2003)
- After several years of field-testing the SIOP, a validity and reliability study of the instrument was conducted. Findings showed the SIOP is a highly reliable and valid measure of sheltered instruction (Guarino, et al., 2001).
- 1998-99: Using a prompt for expository writing, ELLs in classes with SIOP-trained teachers outperformed and made greater overall gains than ELLs in classes with non-SIOP-trained sheltered teachers on a version of the IMAGE writing test.

(IMAGE exam: Illinois Measure of Annual Growth in English)

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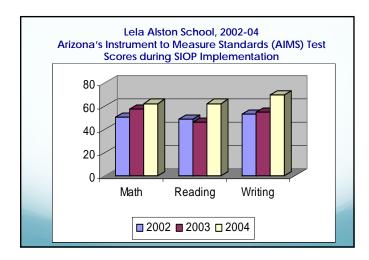


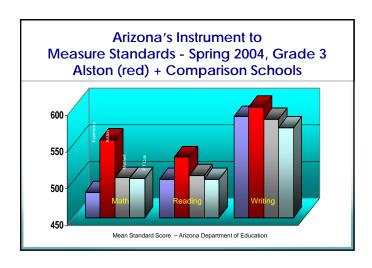




Lela Alston Elementary School – Phoenix, AZ (2002–05)

- Teachers were trained and coached to ensure fidelity to the SIOP Model over 2 years
- Significant growth on state reading, mathematics and writing exams at Grade 3 after 3 years of SIOP implementation schoolwide
- Moved from one of the lowest performing elementary schools in the Isaac (AZ) school district to one of the highest— became a model school for ELLs





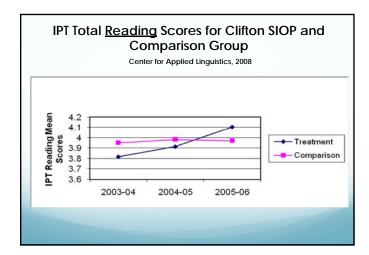
New Jersey SIOP Study (2004-6)

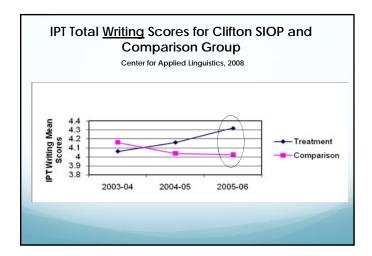
- Teachers can reach high levels of SIOP implementation after 1-2 years (1 year with more support). Sustained, supported professional development (workshops + coaching) works.
- After 1 year, students with SIOP-trained teachers outperformed non-SIOP students within the Clifton district on mean scores for oral, reading, writing IPT tests and for total IPT to statistically significant levels. Same results for Year 2.
- After 2 years, with SIOP-trained teachers in Clifton, students outperformed non-SIOP students in comparison district on mean scores for oral, writing IPT tests and total IPT across districts) to statistically significant levels.

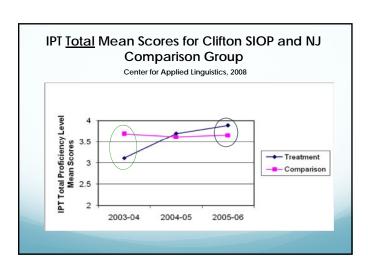
% Teachers with high implementation of SIOP features

	Year 1	Year 2
SIOP Teachers		
- Cohort 1	56%	71%
- Cohort 2	N/A	74%
Comparison	5%	17%

IPT Total Oral Scores for Clifton SIOP and NJ Comparison Group Center for Applied Linguistics, 2008 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.1 5.3 3.9 3.7 Treatment Comparison Comparison

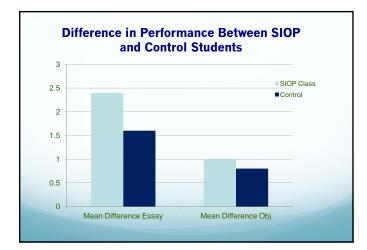






The Impact of the SIOP Model on Middle School Science

- CREATE (Center for Research on the Educational Achievement and Teaching of English Language Learners) 6-year study (2005-2011)
- The higher the teacher rating on the SIOP protocol, the better the students performed. This is true of both SIOP and control teachers
- For all total scores of the tests the SIOP group outperformed the control
- Groups included ELs, former ELs, native English speakers, and students with disabilities
- Analyses of the data indicated this difference was approaching significance



CREATE Center for Research on the Educational Achievement and Teaching of English Language Learners

School-Wide Intervention (2010-12)

- Curriculum interventions for science, social studies and English language arts infuse SIOP features
- Integration of the SIOP Model for comprehensive professional development
- Significant (positive) treatment effects for all measures (science vocab, science content, social studies content, English writing) except Gates reading comprehension

Let's See What SIOP Instruction Looks Like

Science Standard

 The health, growth, and development of organisms are affected by environmental conditions such as the availability of food, air, water, space, shelter, heat, and sunlight. (5.2g)

SIOP Science Lesson: Growing Plants

- CO: Identify factors that affect plant growth
- LO: Write if-then statements about plant growth
- Vocab:

HFW: water, grow

<u>Science</u>: plant, root, stem, leaf, soil

Academic: factor, if, then

• Lang Function: Causation "If ____, then ____."

If the plant has soil, then it can grow.

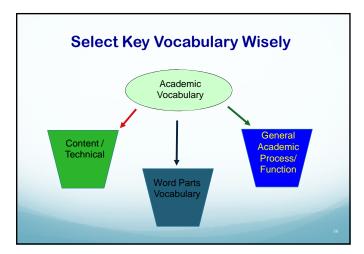
If the plant does not have water, then it cannot grow.

- Science Lab
- Read and Write:

Write an observation on index card. Do Mix & Match. Exchange cards.

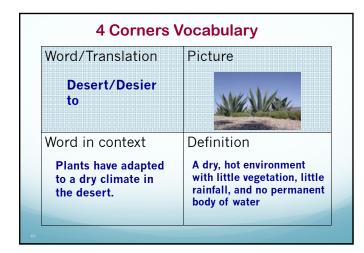
Vocabulary Development in SIOP Lessons

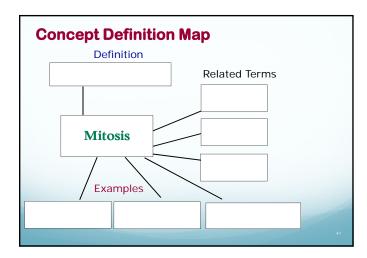
- Select key vocabulary carefully to pre-teach
- Build conceptual knowledge and add related terms
- Structure opportunities to practice: Read, write and speak the terms, do word work on affixes, explore multiple meaning words
- Tap into cognates, context clues, and on-page supports for unfamiliar words

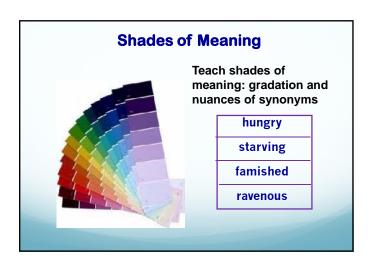


Academic Vocabulary

- Subject-specific and technical terms (found in informational and expository texts, e.g., stem, xylem, phloem, transpire)
- General academic vocabulary—crosscurricular terms/process & function words (used in all academic disciplines and often on state tests, e.g., results, occur, discuss, skim, describe, compare, however, unless)
- Word parts: Roots and affixes (word parts that enable students to learn new vocabulary, e.g., photo- = light, as in photocopy, photograph, photosynthesis; un =not, as in unhappy)







Take Advantage of English Learners' N	ative
Language for Determining New Words	

SPANISH	ENGLISH
<u>in</u> capaz	<u>un</u> able
<u>in</u> cómodo	<u>un</u> comfortable
	1
SPANISH	ENGLISH
velocidad discutir	velocity discuss

Oral Interaction in SIOP Lessons

- Generate discussion topics of high interest and build background and vocabulary
- Encourage students to share ideas and elaborate
- Structure opportunities to practice: Sentence starters, Signal words, Language frames
 - Link classroom discourse and interaction with engaging reading and writing texts

Signal Words for Language Functions

Comparison

- is similar to
- differs from
- is the same as
- both/neither
- on the one hand/on the other
- but
- in contrast

Cause-Effect	 was caused by If happens, then The result is Because of, affected/aided by
Define/Describe	 means is an example of The diagram shows that looks like It has but doesn't have

Express Opinions - Role Play		
Partner A	Partner B	
I think that	•I agree. OR I disagree.	
In my opinion,	I agree with you and	
land	I agree with you but	
Will astronauts land on the moon by 2040?	•I disagree because	

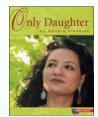
Practice Oral Presentation Skills		
Transition to a new point	First of all, Next, I want to tell you Now; Why is she my hero?	
List points	One reason/factor is Another reason is A final reason is	
Give examples	For example, Let me give you an example	

Reading Development in SIOP Lessons

- Build background and vocabulary to support access to text
- Pair fiction and non-fiction to capitalize on content and vocabulary
- Scaffold the reading process, move students towards independence
- Link classroom discourse and interaction with engaging reading and writing texts

Rich, Diverse & Relevant Literature: Multicultural, Multi-subject, Multi-lingual







Explicit Instruction in Reading Comprehension Strategies

- **❖Plan and Monitor**
- **❖** Determine Importance
- **❖** Make Connections
- **❖**Ask Questions
- **♦** Make Inferences

Below to On Level

- **❖**Synthesize
- **❖**Visualize

Same information, different reading levels WATONAL GEOGRAPHIC HUTTICATE HUT

On to Above Level

Give Teachers Time and Support to Get Good at It

SIOP Professional Learning Program

Design

- 6-8 workshop days, spread out over 1 -2 years
- Teacher volunteers, especially year 1
- Classroom observations and lesson plan development
- On-site coaching and feedback
- Collaborative teacher groups
- Set expectations for levels of implementation

SIOP Professional Learning Program

Topics

- Second Language Acquisition Research
- Academic Language of Subject Areas
- SIOP Model Components: Practice
- SIOP Lesson & Unit Design
- SIOP Coaching

Support Teachers to Implement the SIOP Model

- Offer teachers time to visit other classrooms
- Set common planning time and encourage collaboration on lesson planning
- Designate a SIOP coach ft, pt, duty period
- Offer ongoing (sustaining) professional development
- Use a SIOP walk-through checklist for supportive and specific feedback

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How Do We Know If Students Are Successful?

Look at	Student	Performance
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- Oral interaction in class
- Student work displayed on walls
- Student-generated texts
- Performance on assessments
- Growth modeling
- Student attendance

Lessons Learned

- Sheltered instruction can make a difference. Literacy and content achievement rise.
- The greater the teacher level of implementation (= fidelity), the better the student performance.
- Teacher buy-in and administrator support make a difference.
- Ongoing, job-embedded professional learning is needed.
- It takes teachers 1–2 years to reach consistent high levels of implementation.
- Coaching leads to higher levels of implementation.

Thank You	